<b>EXHIBIT</b>	4	
EXHIDII		

# AMENDMENT TO

### PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT

(For Construction Management at Risk Project)

### **BETWEEN**

## THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA AND PROJECT CONSULTANT FOR

### ARCHITECTURAL/ENGINEERING SERVICES

This First Amendment to the Professional Services Agreement ("Agreement") between The School Board of Broward County, Florida and Project Consultant for architectural/engineering services dated the 18<sup>th</sup> of September, 2007 is entered into this 19<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2008 by and between the School Board of Broward County, Florida (hereinafter referred to as the (Owner) and **SONG & ASSOCIATES, INC.** 

For the project known as: Elementary School "Z" (Site A1)/New Construction

Project No. P. 000847 (f.k.a. 3961-25-02)

Reuse of Elbridge Gale ES (Palm Beach District Schools)

FLCC: \$25,372,815

WHEREAS, the Owner and Project Consultant acknowledge and agree that the Agreement between Owner and Project Consultant dated the 18<sup>th</sup> of September, 2007 is in full force and effect except to the extent this First Amendment modifies specific provisions thereof;

NOW THEREFORE, in exchange for the mutual covenants and promises set forth herein and the sums of money agreed to be paid by the Owner to the Project Consultant, the parties agree as follows:

The Fixed Limit of Construction Cost (FLCC) has been amended as indicated above and the Scope of Services is amended to include off-site work, as well as on-site lift station, electrical engineering, permitting, and Construction Administration services.

The fees in Article 5 are amended as follows: Fees increased for Phase III by \$34,356, Phase IV by \$2,643, Phase V by \$14,799, and Phase VI by \$1,057, resulting with a total increase of \$52,855.

### Authority:

Each person signing this First Amendment on behalf of either party warrants that he or she has full legal power to execute this First Amendment on behalf of the party for whom he or she is signing it to bind and obligate such party with respect to all provisions contained in this First Amendment.

#### Attachments:

- 1. Scope of Work
- 2. Document 00455 Background Screening of Contractual Personnel
- 3. W-9 IRS Form

IN WITNESS THEREOF, the parties hereto, The School Board of Broward County, Florida (Owner) and Song & Associates, Inc. (Project Consultant) have caused this First Amendment to be executed and their Corporate Seal affixed by and through their proper offices, thereunto duly authorized on this day and year first above written.

### For the School Board of Broward County, Florida

(SEAL)

ATTEST THE SCHOOL BOARD OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

Superintendent of Schools James F. Notter

Chair

Robin Bartleman

Approved as to Form and Legal Content:

Edward Marko School Board Attorney

### For the Project Consultant

ATTEST SONG & ASSOCIATES, INC.

David Erik Chase, CEC

060908

Young Song, President

AA0003165 Project Consultant's

Registration Number

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

## STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF BROWARD

The foregoing instrument was ackn	,
David Etik Cho	158 of Song 4 Associates In
on behalf of the corporation or agency.  He she is personally known to me or produce	ced as
Identification and did did not first take an of My commission expires:	oath.
(SEAL)	Mara Pirkston . Asriano Signature, Notary Public
	Printed Name of Fred Sound of Thru Budget Notary Services
	Notary's Commission

### The School Board of Broward County, Florida

# Professional Services Agreement ATTACHMENT 2:

## PROJECT SCOPE

Project No:

3961-25-02

Project Title:

New Building/Reuse of Elbridge Elementary School

Facility Name: Elementary School 'Z'

The following design services will be provided by the Project Consultant as a normal part of its Basic Services for the Project listed above:

- Construct a new 2 story elementary school of 102,242 GSF to accommodate an estimated 640 student stations with a core design for 960 student stations in grades Kindergarten through 5<sup>th</sup>.
- General Classrooms
- Administration
- Media Center
- Food Service and Multipurpose space.
- All required on-site and off-site amenities, including but not limited to, new parking areas for
  faculty and visitors, covered drop-off areas for parents and buses, grading, drainage, irrigation,
  landscaping, site utilities, on-site and off-site signage and school zone signalization, and
  development of sports/recreation fields.
- Construct a protypical classroom expansion wing to accommodate an additional 320 student stations for a total student capacity of 960.
- Provide on-site lift station



### The School Board of Broward County, Florida Facilities and Construction Management Division 1700 SW 14th Court

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33312

(754) 321-1500

## Document 00455

# **Background Screening of Contractual Personnel**

Project No:

P. 000847

Project Title:

New Construction

Facility Name:

Elementary School "Z"

### SWORN STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1012.465, FLORIDA STATUTES, BACKGROUND SCREENING OF CONTRACTUAL PERSONNEL

Project Consultant agrees to comply with all requirements of Sections 1012.32 and 1012.465, Florida Statutes, and that Project Consultant and all of its personnel who (1) are to be permitted access to school grounds when students are present, (2) will have direct contact with students, or (3) have access or control of school funds will successfully complete the background screening required by the referenced statutes and meet the standards established by the statutes. This background screening will be conducted by SBBC in advance of Project Consultant or its personnel providing any services under the conditions described in the previous sentence. Project Consultant will bear the cost of acquiring the background screening required by Section 1012.32, Florida Statutes, and any fee imposed by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement to maintain the fingerprints provided with respect to Project Consultant and its personnel. The Parties agree that the failure of Project Consultant to perform any of the duties described in this section shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement entitling SBBC to terminate immediately with no further responsibilities or duties to perform under this Agreement. Project Consultant agrees to indemnify and hold harmless SBBC, its officers and employees from any liability in the form of physical or mental injury, death or property damage resulting in Project Consultant's failure to comply with the requirements of this section or Sections 1012.32 and 1012.465, Florida Statutes.

Project Consultant agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Owner, its officers and employees from any liability in the form of physical or mental injury, death or property damage resulting from Project Consultant's failure to comply with the requirement of this Section or Section 1012.32 and Section 1012.465, Florida Statutes in addition to any other indemnification obligations that may be imposed upon Project Consultant pursuant to Article 2.14 of this Agreement and the laws of Florida.

(To be signed in the presence of a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths.)

COUNTY OF Palm Beach



# The School Board of Broward County, Florida Facilities and Construction Management Division

1700 SW 14th Court Fort Lauderdale, FL 33312

(754) 321-1500

# Document 00455

# **Background Screening of Contractual Personnel**

Before me, the undersigned authority	v. personally appeared
Dovid Erik	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
who, being by me first duly sworn, ma	ade the following statement:
1. Project Consultant Name:	Song 4 Associates Inc.
Address:	Jong + Associates Inc. 400 Australian Aus. West Palm Broch FL 334
2. My relationship to the Project Consultant named in (1) above is:	(List relationship such as sole proprietor, partner, president,
3. Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) (or if entity has no FEIN, the social security number of the person signing this sworn statement)	vice president, etc.) 65-0848859
The above-named Project Consult forth in Section 1012.465, Florida	ant presently complies fully with the requirements set a Statutes to the extent that all contractual personnel of this bid HAVE met Level 2 Screening requirements
BY: My His lune, cto	DATE:
David Erik Chase, AIA, Chief Finance  NAME (Printed)	
Notarization	State of: florida ) County of: folio Broch)
Sworn to and subscribed before me, the un	dersigned authority, by
who is personally known to me or did	produce:
The School Board of Broward County Florida	Document 00455



### The School Board of Broward County, Florida Facilities and Construction Management Division 1700 SW 14th Court

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33312

(754) 321-1500

# Document 00455

# **Background Screening of Contractual Personnel**

as identification and who did take an oath.

Notary Public: Man Pinkston. Dariano A

Affix Seal

Commission Expires on:

DIANA PINKSTON SORIANO

MY COMMISSION # DD 398359

EXPIRES: March 17, 2009

Bonded Thru Budget Notary Services

Form (Rev. October 2007)
Department of the Treasury

### Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Name (as shown on your income tax return)				
	3 Dong 4 Associates Inc				
	Business name, if different from above				
	б				
ě	Check appropriate box: Individual/Sole proprietor Corporation Partnership	Evennt			
type	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership) ▶				
ō.	Other (see instructions)				
Print	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)  Requester's name of the street of the	e and address (optional)			
:	Check appropriate box: Individual/Sole proprietor Corporation Partnership Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership)  Other (see instructions)  Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)  City, state, and ZIP code  City, state, and ZIP code  Check appropriate box: Individual/Sole proprietor Corporation Partnership  Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)  Requester's name of the code of the c				
	List account number(s) here (optional)				
P	art I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)				
_	This is a second of the Theorem and the second of the seco	al security number			
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident					
alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is					
your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.					
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.  Employer identification number  65 08 4859					
P	art II Certification				
Un	nder penalties of perjury, I certify that:				
	The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and				
1.	The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number t	o be issued to me), and			

3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement

arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here

Signature of U.S. person ▶ am Bres

Date June 9

9000

### General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

### Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

**Note.** If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition** of a **U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301,7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

• The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

# Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

#### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

# **Specific Instructions**

#### Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

**Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification ("D" for disregarded entity, "C" for corporation, "P" for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

**Note.** You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

### **Exempt Payee**

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

**Note.** If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
- 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
- 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
- 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
- 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

- 6. A corporation,
- 7. A foreign central bank of issue.
- 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
- A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
  - 10. A real estate investment trust,
- 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
- 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
  - 13. A financial institution,
- 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
- 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7

See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

# Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited liability company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at <a href="https://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses">www.irs.gov/businesses</a> and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting <a href="https://www.irs.gov">www.irs.gov</a> or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 2.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

### What Name and Number To Give the Requester

_			
_	For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:	
1.	Individual	The individual	
2.	Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account '	
3.	Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>	
4.	a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee '	
	<ul> <li>b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law</li> </ul>	The actual owner '.	
5.	Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner '	
	For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:	
6.	Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner	
7.	A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity 4	
	Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation	
9.	Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization	
10.	Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership	
11.	A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee	
	Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity	

List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

### **Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft**

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- · Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- · Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.consumer.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

#### **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.